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Technical Research Note 128

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GROUPING ARMY TRAINING COURSES

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RMX-CLASSIFICATION BATTERY FACTORS

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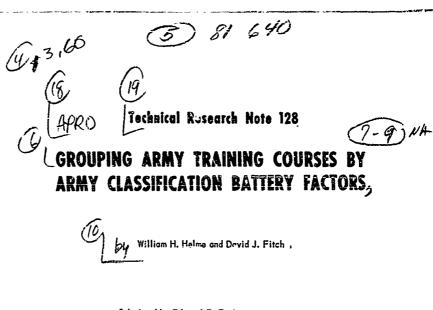
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Project No 10J95-60-001

New Classification Techniques c-11

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PREFACE

The present publication reports on a portion of Subtask c, "Preparation of selected alternate ACB tests," of the NEW CLASSIFICATION TECHNIQUES Task, FY 62 Work Program. The entire research task is responsive to special requirements of the Deputy Chief of Staff for Personnel, the Deputy Chief of Staff for Logistics, and the U. S. Continental Army Command, and furthers the U. S. Army Military Personnel Management objective of developing, and making available for operational use, research findings and products to optimize the selection, classification, management, and utilization of Army personnel.

Development of test materials that will increase the effectiveness of the operational Army Classification Battery is a continuing task. The importance to the Army of personnel decisions made on the basis of the ACB makes it particularly necessary that these tests be kept current. Measures are also needed of human factors not yet provided for in the ACB, including measures of physical proficiency to predict whether an individual will continue to meet the physical requirements of his assignment. Additional measures of personal factors to indicate what a man will do on the job, as opposed to what he <u>can</u> do, are especially needed.

The primary objectives of the NEW CLASSIFICATION TECHNIQUES Task are to explore new test content that will increase the effectiveness of classification and assignment in the Army, and to construct up-to-date tests to maintain the effectiveness of tried and tested measures in operational use. A special requirement involves determination of effective combinations of screening and classification measures to evaluate the potential usofulness to the Army of applicants for enlistment and selective service registrants.

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BRIEF

GROUPING ARMY TRAINING COURSES BY ARMY CLASSIFICATION BATTERY FACTORS

Requirement:

Relationship of Army Classification Battery (ACB) tests to jobs in the Army's MOS structure is under continuous scrutiny to maintain effective use of the psychological measures basic to training and job assignment.

Procedure:

Results of validity studies of ACB tests and aptitude areas as predictors of final grades in 75 Army training courses were analyzed to delineate occupational groupings of Army jobs in terms of test-job interrelationships. The 75 MOS were allocated to ten job groups, and the effectiveness of ACB tests for differentially predicting success in the ten groups was assessed.

Results:

Nine of the job groups were well differentiated by test combinations which were much like current aptitude area selectors. Such differences as were found suggested that technical level as well as subject content is useful in differentiating between job groups, particularly in the case of electronics versus mechanical trades and services. Academic skills were found to play a part in success in all courses.

Utilization of Findings:

MOS groupings resulting from the analysis provide guidelines which, in conjunction with acrossthe-board validation studies of experimental tests now boing developed, will eventually be applied in adjustment of the Aptitude Area system.

GROUPING ARMY TRAINING COURSES BY ARMY CLASSIFICATION BATTERY FACTORS

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GROUPING ARMY TRAINING COURSES BY ARMY CLASSIFICATION BATTERY FACTORS

APTITUDE AREAS AND OCCUPATIONAL GROUPINGS

Under the current Aptitude Area System, enlisted men are classified for training on the basis of eight aptitude area scores, each score a composite of standard scores on two tests of the Army Classification Battery (ACB). All enlisted Military Occupational Specialties (MOS) are grouped into ten occupational areas. Each aptitude area serves as a prerequisite to an occupational area, a group of MOS within an occupational area, or two related occupational areas. The correspondence between aptitude areas and occupational areas or subareas was first established in 1955. Since that time, the Combat Aptitude Area has been divided into two areas on the basis of research findings: Infantry (IN) for selection of enlisted men for infantry MOS, and Armor-Artillery-Engineer (AE), selector for all other MOS in the Combat occupational area (Willemin and Karcher, 1958). Also since 1955, changes in the assignment of MOS to occupational areas have been made. While these changes were instigated primarily for management reasons, they have also been kept compatible with research findings on aptitude areas.

Reconstitution of the Aptitude Area System in 1955 was based on findings on 31 MOS (Zeidner, Harper, and Karcher, 1956). Under a continuing research program, studies of the relation of ACB scores to performance in training courses and in Army jobs have been conducted. On the basis of 75 such studies, in which samples of 200 or more men were studied in each training course, a comprehensive analysis of the relation of the ACB to final grades in Army Service School enlisted courses has been completed. The present report interprets the results of a fact or analysis of the ACB, extended to the 75 MOS courses, in terms of the occupational groupings suggested by the data.

METHOD OF ANALYSIS

Study of 35 MOS revealed that, when MOS were grouped according to patterns of ACB validity coefficients in a set of analysis samples, there was little shrinkage in the multiple prediction in applying these weights to validation samples of the same group of MOS (Aslme, Gibson, and Brogden, 1957). Using one of the two sets of samples of 34 MOS--one of the 35 samples was omitted in view of negligible validity of all ACB tests -- Gibson carried out a diagonal factor analysis (unpublished) of the ten ACB tests then current, using unity in the diagonals, and extended the factors to the 34 training course criteria. By graphic orthogonal rotation, he was able to subsume virtually all the variance common to ACB tests and criteria in only four of the ten factors. When data on 41 additional MOS training courses were obtained, Gibson's factors were extended to these MOS as well. Although most of the valid variance was still covered by the four rotated factors, there was a suggestion of two possible additional factors. Rotation of the ten test factors yielded a new orthogonal configuration in which one broad general factor, two large group factors, and three small group factors appeared.

Using this six-factor configuration, the 75 MOS were grouped in clusters by inspection and trial fitting. Each grouping showed a unique mean loading on at least one factor. No grouping had a standard deviation on any factor in excess of .100 (except in rare instances on the general factor). Average zero-order ACB test validity coefficients were then obtained for each cluster, and standard regression weights were computed. The results were then evaluated for suggestions as to changes in the aptitude area structure. However, there was no intention of implementing such changes on the basis of the present study alone. Instead, the results were interpreted as additional guidelines for (1) developing new ACB measures and (2) eventual reconstitution of the aptitude area structure.

RESULTS

The standard matrix of ACB test intercorrelations for a full mobilization population is reproduced in Table A-1 in the Appendix. Table A-2 shows validity coefficients! of ACB tests for the 34 MOS samples used in Gibson's analysis. Table A-3 shows coefficients for the 41 additional samples to which Gibson's original factor solution was later extended. Table A-4 gives the factor loadings of the 34 samples on the ten unrotated diagonal factors. Loadings resulting from Gibson's rotation are given for the 34 MOS in Table A-5, for the 41 additional samples in Table A-6. Final factor loadings of the 75 criteria and the ten ACB tests are presented in Table A-7. These statistics formed the basis of the clustering of MOS into ten occupational groupings.

Table 1 presents the ten occupational clusters, with the means and standard deviations of loadings on each of the six valid factors (See Figure 1 for NOS constituting the ten clusters). Table 2 shows the ful standard regression weights of the ACB tests for each job cluster, obtained by multiplying the mean validity coefficients of tests for each cluster by the inverse of the standard matrix of ACB test intercorrelations. Weights for the first two clusters, Electronics Systems and Radio Communications, were highly similar, although the latter group was characterized by a substantially higher multiple validity coefficient (.80 as compared to .66). The two clusters were combined, since the patterns of validity were so similar.

For differential classification, Brogden (1955) has demonstrated that with a given battery optimal prediction, both absolute and differential, is obtained by use of the full regression equations. He has also demonstrated (Brogden, 1959) that any given constant may be added to the beta weights of a predictor for all the criteria without changing the effectiveness of differential allocation. Using the ACB beta weights for the

^{1/} All validity coefficients were corrected for restriction in range on the aptitude area composite used for selection in the given course at the time.

Cluster		Current MOS	Cluster		Current MOS
Electronics	223.1	Nike Electronic Maintenance Tight Pire Control Equipment Repair	Clerical	710.0	Basic Army Administration Stenography
	233.1	Light At: Defense Artillery Fire Control Maintenance		714.1	Postal Operations
	234.1	Heavy Air Defense Artillery Fire Control Maintenance		716.1	Personnel Administration Specialist
	281.1	Microwave Radio Equipment Repair		716.2	Personnel Management Specialist
	282.1	Radar Repair		717.7	Advanced Army Administration
				719.1	Transportation Movement Control
Radio	271.1	Fixed Station Radio Maintenance		730.0	Finance Procedures
Communication	294.1	Field Carrier Equipment Repair		760.0	Supply Records
	296.1	Field Radio Repair		763.1	Ordnance Supply
	311.1	Infantry Radio Maintenance		768.1	Unit Supply
	312.1	Armor Radio Maintenance			
	313.1	Artillery Radio Maintenance	General Toobs(col	740.0	Tabulating Machine Operator
_;			recumrent	1.01.0	Machine Accounting operation
Wire	311.7 (311.6)	Intantry Communications Supervisor		843.1	Photographic Laboratory Procedures
				911.2	Medical Aid Procedures. Advanced
	322.1	Cable Stifeing		917.1	Dental Assistant
	331.1 (327.1)	_		931.1	Medical Laboratory Procedures
	į			933.1	Preventive Medicine Procedures
				934.1	Food Inspection Procedures
Mechanical	351	Power Equipment Maintenance		935.1	X-ray Procedures
Trades	411.2	Amounttoon Records		951.1	Military Police, Enlisted Advanced
	421.1	Small Arms Weapons Repairman		952.1	Disciplinary Guard, Enlisted
	422.1	Field Artillery Repair		953.1	Criminal Investigation
	423.1	Air Defense Artillery Repair		981.1	Cryptanalysis
	424.1	Turret Artillery Maintenance		982.1	Traffic Analysis
	424-2	Turret Artillery Repairman		058.1	Morse Code Interception
	442.1	Welding		059.1	Teletype Interception
	246 (L)	Laundry and Dry Cleaning Machine Operation			
	550.0	Supply Handling	Services	546.1 (F)	Funigation and Bath Procedures
7000	763	Control of the Contro		0.016	Monacon Jecunician
rocor.	, ,	englisher bearing the members of the		1.4.1	Mediches citating frocedures
Maintenance	631.1	Autwoot, ve Mechanics		941.1	Cooking
	632.1	Artillery Track Vehicle Maintenance	:	, , , , , ,	
		Ar or Track Vehicle Mechanic	Radio	051.1 (1)	Radio Operator (Intermediate Speed)
	635.1 (T)	An omotive Repair (Track Vehicle)	Code	051.2 (H)	Radio Operator (High Speed)
		Automotive Repair (wheel Vehicle)		•	
	675.1	Helicopter Maintenance	Precision	403.1	Fire Control Instrument Repair
	1.9/9	Reconnaistance Helicopter Repairman	Maintenanco	443.1	Machinist
				452.1	Dental Laboratory Procedures
				634.1	Fuel and Electrical Systems Repair
				635-C (635.2)	Automotive Rebuild

Figure 1. MOS constituting the ten occupational clusters on which analysis was based.

nine job clusters, constants were added so as to maximize the number of near-zero weights. The results, shown in Table 3, indicate that, except for some negative weights for the small Radio Code Operations cluster (two MOS only), weights on three ACB tests serve clearly to differentiate each cluster. Conversely, ACB tests are clearly differentially valid for different clusters.

INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS

The use of factor analysis to cluster MOS training courses in terms of aptitude predictors yielded a differentiation of noncombat MOS into seven well defined and two marginally defined occupational groups. For differential classification, the clusters were, in almost every case, well predicted by use of weights on three ACB tests each. Comparison of these sets of predictive tests with the currently-used aptitude area composites showed a high degree of correspondence (Figure 2).

The above comparison is revealing in several respects: First, Wire Communications MOS are best predicted by a composite of tests making up the current General Maintenance (GM) area, plus one component of the Electronics area. Second, both the Mechanical Trades cluster and the Services cluster were best predicted by a combination of tests primarily from the Clerical and Motor Maintenance areas. Third, some value for predicting General Technical MOS is found in the Radio Information measure, the more technically complex of the two electrical-electronics tests. And finally, the Automotive Information test shows a weight for every area (except clerical) for which there is no appreciable RI weight. AI is the mechanical measure with the most concrete factual content and the least loading on abstract reasoning or verbal factors. In a sense, it is at a far lower technical level than RI.

These relationships suggest that MOS training courses might well be clustered on the basis of technical level as well as by content, with the Electronics Systems and Radio Communications at a high level along with certain General Technical MOS; the Wire Communications and Precision Maintenance at an intermediate level; and such clusters as the Mechanical Trades, Motor Maintenance, and Services at a rather concrete, specific level. The importance of RV and ACS for these latter courses may reflect the need for facility in academic skills in all courses, accentuated particularly where the technical level is lower. Validation for on-job criteria would throw some light on this hypothesis. Findings of another research study (Helme, Denton, and Anderson, 1962) of the Common Specialist Automotive Helper course (MOS 630) showed VE to be weighted substantially for the final course grade criterion, but not for the practical performance course criterion nor for the instructors' estimates of on-job capabilities per se. These interpretive hypotheses may be more effectively tested in a forthcoming analysis of 21 MOS, for which data on 17 cognitive and 7 noncognitive experimental measures, as well as the current ll-test ACB, are available.

Occupational Cluster	High Weighted Tests	Current Aptitude Area	Component Tests of Current Aptitude Area
Electronics Systems and Radio Communications	Mechanical Aptitude Electrical Information Radio Information	Electronics	Mechanical Aptitude Electronics Informa- tion (replaced Electrical Informa- tion and Radio Infor- mation July 1957)
Wire Communications	Pattern Analysis Shop Mechanics Radio Information	Electronics	Mechanical Aptitude, Electronics Information
Precision Maintenance	Pattern Analysis Shop Mechanics Automotive	General Maintenance or	Pattern Analysis, Shop Mechanics
	Information	Motor Maintenance	Mechanical Aptitude, Automotive Information
Mechanical Trades	Reading and Vocabulary Army Clerical Speed Shop Mechanics Automotive Information	General Maintenance	Pattern Analysis Shop Mechanics
Motor Maintenance	Automotive Information	Motor Maintenance	Mechanical Aptitude, Automotive Information
Clerical	Reading and Vocabulary Arithmetic Reasoning Army Clerical Speed	Clerical	Verbal (replaced Reading and Vocabulary July 1957), Army Clerical Speed
General Technical	Reading and Vocabulary Arithmetic Reasoning Radio Information	General Technical	Verbal, Arithmetic Reasoning
Services	Reading and Vocabulary Army Clerical Speed Automotive Information	General Technical or General Maintenance	Verbal, Arithmetic Reasoning or Pattern Analysis, Shop Mechanics
Radio Code Operations	Reading and Vocabulary Army Radio Code Aptitude Automotive Information	Radio C∞de	Verbal, Army Radio Code Aptitude
Negative	Arithmetic Reasoning Pattern Analysis Shop Mechanics		

Figure 2. Occupational clusters resulting from factor analysis compared with current selector composites.

Table 1

TEN MOS CLUSTERS BASED ON FINAL ROTATION OF TEN ACB FACTORS, SHOWING MEANS AND STANDARD DEVIATIONS OF FACTOR LOADINGS ON EACH CLUSTER

						actor	Factor Loadings					
			Meansa						S. D.ª			
MOS Cluster	₹ (RV)	v (ACS)	VI (ARC)	VII (SM)	VIII (AI)	X (RI)	I (RV)	V (ACS)	VI (ARC)	VII (SM)	VIII (AI)	X (RI)
Electronics Systems	380	-015	032	107	053	495	127	075	072	081	064	064
Radio Communications	592	035	013	180	040	483	660	034	720	048	650	034
Wire Communications	492	090	-042	232	062	347	051	054	054	038	104	670
Precision Maintenance	404	012	-054	428	074	454	620	101	104	090	620	061
Mechanical Trades	529	093	-011	419	210	175	980	680	970	820	093	060
Motor Maintenance	384	500	024	360	187	290	083	037	037	081	060	960
Clerical	658	250	041	088	080	115	063	055	057	060	074	052
General Technical	595	072	055	080	900	255	680	074	920	084	072	020
Services	310	132	032	158	105	090	280	081	075	128	650	041
Radio Code Operations	175	190	350	1.20	025	140	015	030	090	090	035	080

Decimal points omitted.

Table 2

STANDARD REGRESSION WEIGHTS^a OF TEN ACB TESTS IN PREDICTING MOS COURSE CRITERIA IN EACH MOS CLUSTER

					ACB	ACB Tests					Multiple
MOS Cluster	RV	AR	PA	Α¥	ACS	ARC	SM	AI	EI	RI	R
Electronics Systems	90-	25	11	29	-13	-01	-13	-02	20	26	79
Radio Communications	-02	25	18	54	-01	10	-05	90-	23	27	80
Wire Communications	01	19	19	14	02	01	05	00	13	15	99
Precision Maintenance	-09	10	26	54	-11	90	18	12	07	60	73
Mechanical Trades	14	17	14	10	12	-02	60	25	02	-08	74
Motor Maintenance	70	16	90	18	03	-05	-02	34	80	70	29
Clerical	25	39	-02	13	22	00	-13	-10	80	04	72
General Technical	22	33	60	21	-01	00	-15	-13	11	16	99
Services	11	11	00	12	15	00	-07	07	90	-09	40
Radio Code Operations	11	01	-17	18	07	33	-30	17	60	03	87
Electronics Systems and Radio Communications -04	id : -04	25	15	27	-07	00	60-	-04	22	27	

Decimal points omitted.

Table 3

REDUCED REGRESSION WEIGHTS^a OF TEN ACB TESTS IN PREDICTING MOS COURSE CRITERIA IN EACH MOS CLUSTER

					ACB 1	ACB Tests				
MOS Cluster	RV	AR	PA	MA	ACS	ARC	SM	ΑΙ	EI	RI
Added Constant:	ıt:									
	00	-16	90-	-15	+02	00	+ 08	+04	-08	8
Electronics Systems and Radio Communications	;	;	;	12	;	;	1	i i	14	27
Wire Communications	;	!	13	1	;	ļ	13	ł	i	15
Precision Maintenance	;	:	20	!	!	:	26	16	;	;
Mechanical Trades	14	;	i	1	14	ŀ	17	29	!	:
Motor Maintenance	;	ŀ	ł	1	:	;	;	38	ļ	1
Clerical	25	23	;	ŀ	24	;	;	;	ł	;
General Technical	2.2	15	ļ	ł	:	i	:	;	i	16
Services	11	:	;	;	17	1	i	11	į	ł
Radio Code Operations	11	-15	-23	;	;	33	-22	21	;	i

All weights from -.09 to .09 omitted from table. Decimal points omitted.

SUMMARY

A diagonal factor enalysis of the ten ACB tests in use up to July 1957 was extended to 75 criteria--final grades in enlisted MOS training courses representing all occupational areas except Combat. Orthogonal rotation in the predicted criterion space yielded a set of six factors accounting for virtually all valid variance of the ACB: one large general factor, two large group factors (electronic and mechanical), and three small group factors (clerical, motor mechanics, and radio code operations). On the basis of the final loadings, the 75 MOS were grouped in ten clusters. Using average validity coefficients of each ACB test for given clusters, the full standard regression equations for each cluster were derived.

The results indicated good differentiation of prediction for nine clusters; two clusters differed only in level of prediction and were combined. The job clusters and the test combinations resembled current occupational areas and aptitude area selector composites to a considerable degree. Patterns of validity suggested that MOS courses may, for classification purposes, be clustered on the basis of technical level as well as on content, and that academic skills as represented by variance predicted by verbal and clerical speed tests play a part in all courses.

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APPENDIX

Tables A-1 through A-7. Statistical Data forming the basis for clustering MOS into ten occupational groupings.

Table A-1

STANDARD MATRIX OF INTERCORRELATIONS OF ARMY CLASSIFICATION BATTERY TESTS,

BASED ON LARGE-SAMPLE DATA REPRESENTATIVE OF WORLD WAR II

MOBILIZATION ENLISTED POPULATION²

ACB 1	est!		·		I	interco	crelat	ionsb				
i.	RV	<u>1</u>								*		
2.	AR	68	2									
3.	PA	55	60	3								
4.	MA	50	55	50	14							
5•	ACS	50	50	50	45	2						
6.	ARC	40	45	40	35	45	<u>6</u>					
7.	SM	60	60	50	70	45	30	7				
8.	AI	40	45	40	60	25	25	65	<u>8</u>			
9.	EI	45	50	45	50	30	35	58	50	2		
10.	RI	25	30	25	30	20	25	35	30	50	<u>10</u>	

^{*}From USAPRO Technical Research Report 996 (Campbell, Johnson, Brown, and Birnbaum, 1952).

Decimal points omitted.

Table A-2

VALIDITY COEFFICIENTS^a OF ARMY CLASSIFICATION BATTERY TESTS FOR 34 ARMY MOS COURSE CRITERIA

Current MOS	Course Title	z	RV	AR	PA	МА	ACB 1	Tests ARC	SM	AI	EI	IZ.
271-2	Fixed Sta Radio Rep	310	58	69	58	61	38	52	57	42	67	62
281	Microwave-Mult Channel Rep	216	36	52	41	84	23	16	77	40	55	54
282	Radar Rep	242	38	9†	40	55	22	54	32	38	20	48
	Field Radio Rep	280	54	62	09	57	39	42	29	.02	63	48
	Field Wireman	330	45	67	84	43	31	32	52	43	58	40
	FC Instrument Rep	214	52	65	28	29	34	31	54	20	52	37
	Ammunition Supply	792	54	55	45	45	7 7	28	20	42	38	20
	Small Arms Weapons Mech	418	53	09	9	61	84	34	69	94	44	26
	Arty Mech-Light Weapons	196	99	99	57	58	54	53	63	09	65	13
424.2	Turret Arty Rep	183	99	20	9	62	52	41	99	19	77	28
777	Welder	236	55	20	29	29	37	33	99	26	38	19
443	Machinist	296	38	59	22	28	33	30	99	94	94	34
452	Dental Lab	100	38	77	52	09	54	53	53	40	40	28
632.2	Armor Track Veh Maint	248	48	26	24	65	36	36	28	63	26	34
634	Fuel and Elec Systems Rep	523	51	61	26	20	22	35	63	71	19	45
635-c	Track Veh Chassis Rebuild	103	33	48	32	9	42	47	64	62	26	38
635-T	Track Vel. Rep	8448	62	99	26	29	47	34	69	69	65	27
635-W	Automotive Mech	154	31	48	45	22	28	17	51	64	45	28

Table A-2 (continued)

Current							ACB 1	ACB Tests ^a				
MOS	Course Title	z	RV	AR	PA	MA	ACS	ARC	NS.	ΑΙ	EI	. RI
710	Clerk	311	62	89	39	43	52	42	41	20	777	30
712	Stenography	269	65	0	38	33	95	32	54	16	28	15
714	Postal Operations	293	65	71	51	48	52	39	47	36	38	56
716.1	Personnel Admin	286	29	99	43	45	55	07	52	56	45	21
716.2	Personnel Mgt (Enl)	556	29	70	48	49	53	39	77	20	40	30
717	Adv Army Admin	907	65	63	77	94	53	56	35	34	37	31
743	Machine Acctg	383	09	69	59	20	53	45	39	27	47	33
763	Ord Storage Spec	291	69	75	20	85	23	36	65	45	77	33
911.2	Medical Aidman, Adv	308	61	61	57	52	77	20	48	34	20	41
917	Dental Asst	367	51	54	777	1.7	29	27	38	22	65	37
176	Cook	305	37	39	34	34	32	28	36	33	78	12
951	Military Police, Enl Adv	159	61	29	51	52	39	32	65	77	77	38
952	Disciplinary Guard, Enl	144	52	29	41	52	54	32	48	47	45	33
953	Criminal Investigation	192	62	63	51	57	42	54	41	31	54	67
051 (1)	Radio Op (Interm Speed)	150	22	18	12	19	22	32	07	13	16	60
051 (н)	Radio Op (High Speed)	233	23	27	12	31	23	84	16	30	27	22

Decimal points omitted.

VALIDITY COEFFICIENTS^a OF ACB TESTS FOR 41 ADDITIGNAL MOS COURSE CRITERIA Table A-3

Current MOS	Course Title	z	RV	AR	PA	ΜA	ACB 1	Tests	æ	AI	EI	RI
223	SAM Electronics Maintenance	1023	37	777	42	07	22	27	36	28	777	39
231	Electronic FC Equip Repair	210	16	30	33	41	01	19	38	70	47	36
233	Light FC Equip Maint	347	70	38	23	41	17	27	27	54	41	41
234	Heavy FC Equip Maint	308	45	63	23	26	36	77	20	41	64	28
294	Carrier Equipment Repair	868	89	75	99	79	52	94	61	37	71	28
311.1	Infantry Radio Maint	743	20	99	09	09	41	34	54.	7,7	28	67
311.7	Infantry Communications Supv	483	77	57	52	94	40	70	64	31	77	32
312.1	Armor Radio Maint	267	7 7	48	45	99	36	35	97	45	61	54
313.1	Arty Radio Maint	503	42	55	55	55	37	23	47	38	09	20
313.7	Arty Communications Supv	498	94	52	52	97	38	07	41	30	43	37
322	Cable Splicing	235	34	54	84	52	33	17	84	84	84	37
331	Manual Central Office Rep	367	45	54	97	53	38	30	52	77	55	94
341	Teletype Maintenance	903	55	61	9	57	43	39	57	42	53	41
351	Power Equipment Maint	965	11	75	71	75	61	38	78	9/	99	34
423	Heavy Artillery Repair	257	67	99	65	65	53	40	29	51	55	27
424.1	Turret Arty Maint	009	43	54	84	20	30	25	6,5	51	38	21
546 (F)	Fumigation and Bath Proc	239	19	32	54	34	28	16	31	32	18	-07
246 (L)	Ldry and Dry Cleaning Machine Operation	375	67	65	20	84	39	30	67	75	32	14
550	Supply Handling	693	51	09	36	51	64	35	67	52	33	8
621	Engineer Equip Maint	811	20	53	94	54	31	21	28	63	77	18

Table A-3 (continued)

Current						i	ACB T	Tests				
MOS	Course Title	N	RV	AR	PA	MA	ACS	ARC	SM	ΑΙ	EI	RI
631	Automotive Mechanics	352	97	56	67	62	33	20	56	69	52	40
632.1	Arty Track Veh Maint	585	39	44	30	48	78	23	51	58	77	27
	Helicopter Maintenance	631	41	37	30	7.7	22	22	41	36	35	23
	Reconnaisance Helicopter Rep	297	53	38	32	77	31	54	43	48	42	37
719	Transportation Mov Con	453	99	62	45	77	54	45	0+)	15	49	32
	Finance Procedures	614	54	65	45	37	29	36	30	16	34	20
	Tabulating Mech Op	224	26	79	53	52	43	53	37	2.2	47	38
260	Supply Records	992	51	57	42	40	51	39	37	54	35	19
992	Unit Supply	384	28	71	99	52	23	45	45	38	45	28
841	Motion Picture Photo	334	55	53	51	84)	35	39	43	29	45	33
843	Still Photo and Photo Laboratory Procedures	1223	51	47	7,7	64	37	38	43	28	47	44
910	Medical Technician	471	33	28	20	53	23	20	23	22	24	15
914	Neuropsychiatric Proc	462	34	31	26	25	37	16	12	90	20	5
931	Medical Lab Proc	334	45	42	28	27	35	53	27	18	40	34
933	Preventive Medicine Proc	233	45	54	38	38	45	31	33	16	39	28
934	Food Inspection Proc	326	61	99	52	20	04	28	65	37	45	36
935	X-Ray	216	40	67	45	42	27	33	35	22	39	53
981	Cryptanalysis	411	58	69	53	52	35	54	40	28	04	37
982	Traffic Analysis	687	90	62	43	94	36	35	37	54	14	53
058	Morse Interception	559	7 77	84	38	78	31	41	17	14	53	31
059	Teletype Interception	867	43	20	38	38	17	54	35	22	34	25

Decimal points orditted.

Table A-4
FACTOR LOADINGS ON TEN UNROTATED DIAGONAL
FACTORS^B FOR 34 MOS COURSE CRITERIA

					Factor L	Loadings				
Current MOS	I (RV)	II (AR)	111 (PA)	IV (MA)	V (ACS)	VI (ARC)	VII (SM)	VIII (AI)	IX (EI)	X (RI)
271-2	58	07	18	22	80-	20	90	-05	26	29
281	36	38	12	21	-11	10	04	90	78 78	30
282	38	27	14	32	-12	01	-18	38	25	26
296	54	34	25	20	-04	60	12	07	22	16
320	45	25	20	12	-03	90	19	07	56	10
403	52	19	30	28	-07	01	90	10	13	10
411	24	25	10	80	11	-04	10	11	C2	-03
421	53	33	27	26	07	-02	24	21	-07	-01
422	99	28	17	19	13	-11	11	22	70	-18
424.2	99	34	17	20	07	10	12	19	-08	01
747	55	17	30	27	-05	02	08	18	- 08	-04
743	38	45	29	26	90-	- 01	28	- 04	01	80
452	38	25	30	36	-14	05	11	-03	01	90
632.2	87	32	23	35	-05	92	80	23	13	03
634	51	36	22	38	-26	90	19	23	11	12
635-c	33	35	30	35	60	20	30	20	12	05
635-t	62	30	16	31	03	-04	16	56	-03	-03
635-w	51	37	21	34	-05	-10	11	32	07	ე3
710	62	35	- 08	90	18	07	-10	-13	14	90
712	65	23	05	01	19	03	-20	- 04	90	-01
714	65	37	05	05	12	01	-07	02	-01	90
716.1	59	35	8	07	21	90	07	-12	11	90-
716.2	29	33	01	07	14	01	-13	-18	90	90
717	65	26	8	80	17	-12	-23	- 04	60	13
743	09	38	18	20	12	07	-18	-07	14	80

Table A-4 (continued)

					Factor L	Loadings				
Current MOS	I (RV)	II (AR)	III (PA)	IV (MA)	V (ARC)	VI (ARC)	VII (SM)	VIII (AI)	IX (EI)	X (RI)
763	69	38	8	16	15	90-	11	01	-02	07
911.2	61	27	20	13	03	18	-03	-05	12	15
917	51	26	10	80	-07	8	-05	-11	54	14
941	37	19	10	10	07	90	90	10	00	90-
951	61	35	60	13	- 03	-03	-04	-19	80	16
952	52	32	03	20	-15	05	02	11	07	60
953	62	28	10	20	00	-12	-21	-05	25	25
051-1	22	70	- 02	60	12	23	-15	07	90	-07
051-h	23	15	-07	70	60	36	-11	19	80	90

*Plyoted on ACB Tests.

**Decimal points omitted.

Table A-5

FACTOR LOADINGS OF 34 MOS COURSE CRITERIA ON TEN ACB FACTORS RESULTING FROM FIRST ORTHOGONAL ROTATION

					l	oadings				
Current	H	II^{a}	III^a	IVa	v ^a	ΝI	VII	VIIIa	IXa	×
MOS	(RV)	(AR)	(PA)	(MA)	(ACS)	(ARC)	(SM)	(AI)	(EI)	(RI)
271-2	45	90-	90	-02	-10	26	37	-23	90-	53
281	25	-02	00	-05	- 04	90	30	-02	00	09
282	24	-07	01	15	-09	21	26	03	03	56
536	39	- 08	10	-07	-05	13	45	-10	01	42
320	33	-12	60	-18	90-	90	40	80 -	03	30
403	36	-10	80	10	-10	14	48	03	00	31
411	65	01	03	-14	00	80	32	05	00	17
421.	39	70	03	-10	07	12	63	60	-05	17
422	26	00	-01	-10	90	60	51	19	1.5	11
424.2	55	90	02	60-	03	19	52	11	90-	19
747	38	-02	07	07	-03	15	55	13	-05	15
443	27	11	03	-08	02	03	61	-19	-03	31
452	22	00	00	13	60-	10	56	-10	02	24
632.2	31	-03	01	-01	-03	54	56	10	80	33
634	56	04	8	90-	-22	23	99	05	00	42
635-c	16	-03	90	-13	12	28	65	- 08	-02	26
635-t	45	00	90-	-10	8	18	57	18	-03	22
635~w	16	08	-01	-07	05	14	55	21	07	33
710	67	01	- 08	- 06	12	16	60	-15	03	29
712	54	97	03	9	13	15	07	02	07	17
714	65	07	00	07	10	15	23	00	01	24
716.1	61	01	- 05	-13	77	80	56	-18	03	19
716.2	20	97	-05	90	90	60	16	-14	-02	28
717	89	-03	-02	80	60	90	10	07	01	33
743	63	97	11	60	60	17	23	-10	90	35

Table A-5 (continued)

					Factor L	oadings ^b				
Current MOS	I (RV)	II ^a (AR)	III ^a (PA)	IV ^a (MA)	v ^a (ACS)	VI (ARC)	VII (SM)	VIII ^a (AI)	IX ^a (EI)	X (RI)
763	64	90	-14	-15	90	80	37	-01	01	23
911.2	53	-07	60	90	-02	23	32	-16	90-	31
917	77	-05	02	- 04	-11	90	20	-16	03	38
941	32	-01	07	-04	03	60	31	90	04	11
951	57	90	- 08	04	-07	03	25	-19	-05	36
952	40	60	-04	-05	-16	18	33	90	02	34
953	56	-09	-03	13	- 04	07	17	01	02	54
051-1	21	-00	90	05	80	30	00	00	-01	92
051-h	17	-03	-02	-01	04	52	10	00	01	13

*Null factor in criterion space.
**Decimal points omitted,

FACTOR LOADINGS OF 41 ADDITIONAL MOS COURSE CRITERIA ON TEN ACB FACTORS RESULTING FROM FIRST ORTHOGONAL ROTATION Table A-6

Current MOS	I (RV)	II (AR)	III (PA)	IV (MA)	Factor Lo V (ACS)	adings ^a VI (ARC)	VII (SM)	VIII (AI)	IX (EI)	X (RI)
223 231 233 234 294	28 -02 13 34 60	-04 -03 00 -04 -13	08 04 -08 11 02	02 -04 -02 -02 00	-08 -17 00 -01	10 12 22 21 21	27 43 18 38 36	-11 -09 -14 -20	-01 06 03 00	38 38 46 56 54
311.1 311.7 312.1 313.1 313.7	40 40 40 40	-02 03 -20 -10	06 07 01 06	02 -04 00 04 06	00 -01 04 01	10 11 23 03 16	43 38 34 31	-09 -20 -03 -07	-01 00 00 00 00 00	50 50 55 31
322 331 341 351 423	26 45 57 56	06 -09 -05 -06 -10	02 -01 07 01 02	-05 -07 00 -11	08 03 00 00	04 12 11 15	44 38 45 66 54	06 -05 -12 17 -02	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	44 42 30 19
424.1 546 (F) 546 (L) 550 621	33 42 50 35	12 13 03 14 04	03 03 -13 -03	-04 -03 02 -13	-03 15 01 14 -08	12 10 10 25 11	45 33 36 36 52	10 98 05 17 21	03 16 -01 16 08	22 -01 08 02 17

Table A-6 (continued)

Current MOS	I (RV)	II (AR)	III (PA)	IV (MA)	Factor Lov V (ACS)	oadings ^a VI (ARC)	VII (SM)	VIII (AI)	IX (EI)	X (RI)
631 632.1 675 676 719	29 24 29 17 60	00 -03 -07 -08	-02 -10 -08 -01	-07 -19 -02 -14 00	-02 -02 -11 08 13	16 20 12 18 18	51 41 30 36 14	26 16 03 08 -25	00 00 03 08	43 23 18 31 30
730 740 760 768 841	66 55 59 47	08 01 03 10	00 00 00 00 00	01 -02 00 08	24 02 15 11 -10	11 05 16 21 15	07 19 18 29 29	-07 -09 -08 -04	08 06 05 05	25 46 17 30 28
843 910 914 931	41 41 49	-17 -07 -06 -13 -01	00 -01 -02	00 - 09 - 09	-05 -02 14 04 14	17 14 05 13	26 12 01 05 13	-14 05 03 -08 -14	-08 02 13 01	34 13 30 30
934 935 981 982 058 059	56 56 56 58 38 38 38	06 14 14 10 10	00 00 00 14 00	-01 08 12 06 07	-04 05 -05 11 -06 02 -08 14 -02 24 -16 05	05 111 02 14 24 05	29 26 22 02 22	00 -17 -03 -08 -10	00 00 00 00 01 01	3 3 3 3 5 8 7 8 8 8

Decimal points omitted.

Table A-7

FINAL FACTOR LOADINGS OF 75 MOS COURSE CRITERIA ON TEN ACB FACTORS RESULTING FRCM SECOND ORTHOGONAL ROTATION

X (RI)	37 50 48 58 53	52 46 43 47	29 50 32 30	42 40 38 34	23 21 23
IX (EI)	03 1.3 02 00	02 07 03 -01	-04 01 03 -05 05	-02 -03 -04 04	-08 -08 10 05 04
VIII (AI)	-02 03 06 -05	17 10 -03 05 08	10 10 10 105 07	25 13 33 05	17 23 31 07 21
VII (SM)	12 25 01 16 19	04 06 14 27 20	24 17 11 19 27	20 20 32 35 35	26 52 44 44 34
oadings ^a VI (ARC)	01 -05 08 03 10	-04 16 00 -02 -04	-07 13 -09 05	-12 -01 -03 05	-01 -09 -04 -03
Factor Lov V (ACS)	-03 -11 10 07 05	-06 -06 03 01 05	16 00 01 08 -02	05 04 05 08	07 08 14 08 04
IV (MA)	-02 -03 -03 -06	-02 -09 -10 01	-04 -09 -03 -01	03 -07 -04 -05	.07 00 -01 08
III (PA)	03 01 05 05	03 03 03 03	200 000 000 000 000	-05 -06 00 03	03 06 07 10
II (AR)	02 08 07 04	03 -01 -03	05 -09 -02 03	-04 -01 -C1 -10	-01 -01 -08 -08
I (RV)	42 16 27 54 64	46 43 78 58 58	50 47 53 51 46	41 49 58 67 50	54 58 58 64 64
Current MOS	223 231 233 234 271	281 282 294 296 311.1	311.7 312.1 313.1 313.7 320	322 331 351 403	411 421 422 423 423 424.1

Table A-7 (continued)

Current MOS	I (RV)	II (AR)	III (PA)	1V (MA)	Factor L V (ACS)	Loadings ^a VI (ARC)	(%S)	VIII (AI)	IX (EI)	X (RI)
7777	61	Š	90	5	C.	5	7,7	2.2] :
442	76	-07	0 2	5 0		50 0	t 47	12	? [2 [
443	43	11	02	05		-24	36	70	70-	42
452	36	-02	-01	14		-08	41	-04	90	38
546 (F)	17	-03	01	10		-07	53	70	07	05
246 (L)	45	-03	05	07		-02	38	60	-01	10
	45	04	-02	07		07	37	34	80	-01
621	75	02	02	90		-05	43	32	10	17
631	777	- 04	02	05		03	33	39	05	40
632.1	32	90	60-	-05		05	34	32	04	17
632.2	77	-05	01	04	04	90	43	22	80	07
634	45	13	02	07		03	47	19	10	51
635 (C)	28	01	02	-10		-03	52	13	-07	47
_	53	01	-03	90		03	48	30	-03	22
_	28	-04	90	80		-05	38	37	04	38
675	36	04	-10	02		90	24	60	05	17
9/9	28	-01	- 04	-10		03	25	34	-07	34
710	20	90	60-	-05		80	8	05	-03	12
712	53	-07	05	03		12	03	60	00	03
714	89	70	03	-01		90	15	15	7 0-	10
716.1	99	07	-07	-10		-07	17	04	-04	11
716.2	75	70	-04	9		03	05	00	-04	1.2
717	73	-08	01	60		80	-02	15	-03	60
719	99	-02	-08 -	-09		04	70	-07	10	20
730	99	90-	90	00		03	-02	60	-03	02

Table A-7 (continued)

	I (RV)	II (AR)	III (PA)	IV (MA)		VI (AR∪)	VII (SM)	VIII (AI)	IX (EI)	X (RI)
740	69	-08	01	11	11	01	-02	01	70	31
743	7.1	90-	10	03	23	80	10	01	01	25
260	56	-02	00	-02	28	90	13	90	-02	60
763	69	80	-11	-01	19	90-	56	21	-03	11
768	99	00	10	03	26	07	18	11	00	22
841	57	00	00	01	03	80	20	-08	03	25
843	54	-03	-10	-04	01	11	15	-07	-05	32
910	31	-02	- 08	01	90	13	11	80	03	80
911.2	63	01	05	-04	11	12	23	-07	-04	30
914	40	-19	-02	90	18	07	-03	04	05	00
917	57	07	-03	90-	00	-02	05	-03	80	28
931	47	00	90-	-16	10	11	-02	90	-01	18
933	55	-03	-04	-03	23	00	8	02	-01	19
934	99	90	03	90	02	-01	14	12	-03	21
935	97	03	02	05	80	01	13	- 08	97	30
941	36	-04	90	-03	07	8	25	10	05	11
951	69	12	-07	60	07	-05	80	-04	-01	24
952	51	15	01	80	-01	80	22	17	60	28
953	71	-10	-07	80	-01	60	-04	60	04	34
186	20	04	07	19	03	-01	01	80	01	28
982	99	07	-02	90	10	11	05	01	07	18
051 (I)	19	90-	-01	-05	16	28	07	-01	-04	90
	16	90	- 03	-03	22	40	18	90	-01	22
058	51	04	13	00	12	23	-02	-06	- 04	20
029	84	14	03	10	00	- 01	10	-03	80	22

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GROUPIG ARMY TRAINING CONDERS BY ARMY CLASSIFICATION EATHERY
FACTORS by Milliam M. Meles and David J. Fitch. October 1962.
Dipt. on New Cleariffication Techniques c-11 Froj.--31 pp
incl 3 tables, 2 11gures, 6 Ref. (USATAD Technical Research
Where Mo. 1289.
(NA Project CASS-60-6001)

Fresent report interprets results of a factor analysis of Army Classification Battery (AGD) tests, axtended to 75 MG ortivals (final grades in enisted training courses) in terms of testjob intermistationships and occupational groupings. Of the ton
job groups into which the 75 MGS ware allocated, into ware wall
differentiated by AGS test combinations closely resembling
current spitteds area selectors. Validity patterns augusted
feasibility of clustrica MGS courses for classification
feasibility of clustrica MGS courses for classification
Academic skills were found to play a part in success in all
guidelines for developing new AGS measures and for eventual
reconstitution of the Aptitude Acas system.

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US ARTY PRESENTED THE COURT OF COLD. IN COURTS AND THE CONTRING MATTER TAKENS BY LAWIC CLASSITICATION MATTER TAKENS by William H. Helma and David J. Fitch. October 1992. Rept. -- Exc Classification Techniques c-11 Frey.--31 pp. Incol J teblas. 2 figures, 6 Mrf. (USAPO, Technical Lasertic Note Ro. 22)

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US Army Personnel Resear.h Office, OGDD, DA GROUPING ARMY TRAIRING COURSES BY ARMY GLASSIFICATION BATTERY PACTORS by William H. Helme and David Jr. Fitch. October 1962. Exper. on New Cleasification Techniques c-11 Proj.--31 pc 1001 3 tables, 2 ffgures, 6 Ref. (USAPRO Technical Research

Note No. 128) (DA Project OJ5-60-001)

Present report interprets results of a factor analysis of Army Classification Batters (ACD) rests, estended to 57 MOS criteria (Classification Batters (ACD) rests, estended to 57 MOS criteria (Classification Batters and recurses) in terms of tests. Job interpretationables and occupational grouping, of the ten job groups into which the 75 MOS were allocated, onto were well differentiated by ACD test combinations closely resembling current applicates are selectors. Validity priterns suggested feasibility of clustering MOS courses for classification purposes on the basis of technical level as well as on content. Academic skills were form and to play a part in success in all guidaltons for diveloping new ACB measures and for eventual reconstitution of the Aptitude Area system.

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Unclassified Report

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GMOUPHO ARMY TRAINING CONTARL PT ARMY CLASSIFICATION BAITERY
FACTORS by Filliam H. Nelse and David J. Fitch. October 1962,
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foct 3 tables, 2 figures, 6 Ref. (USAFAO Technical Research
Note No. 1289
Unclassified Report US Army Personnel Research Office, OcaD, DA GROUPIG ARM TRAINING CONGRES BY ARM CLASSIFICATION ENTERT PACTORS by Milliam H. Melme and David J. Fitch. October 1962. Babt. on New Classification Techniques c-II Proj.-31 pp fact 3 tables, 2 figures, 6 Ref. (USAF10 Technical Research (DA Project UDS2-60-001) ١ Ì ð 9 UMCLASSIFIED Human Resources Research --Personnel Management UNCLASSIFIED
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FACTORS by Milliam B. Belse and David al. Fitch. October 1961.
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KOCE NO. 1239.

Unclassificat R.pert US ANY PETSONDIA RESEARCH Office, OCED, DA CROUTING ANTIENT PACTOR ANY TALVING COUNTES BY ANY CLASSITICATION BATTENT PACTORS by William H. Belles and David Ja. Nato. October 1865. Pept. on New Classification Techniques c-12 723j.-31 pp incl. 3 tables, 2 figures, 6 Ref. (UKAFO Technical Research (DA Project COS)-50-601) 1 l l 23/1, 28/4 23/1, 28/4 l 5 9

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Freent report interprete results of a factor analysis of Aury Classification Setters (ACD tress, extended to 75 MOS criteria (final grades in suitsed treining courses) in terms of testjon interrelationships and accompanional groupings, of the teal
job groups into which the 75 MOS were allocated, nine were well
(ifferentiated by ACD test combinations closely resembling
current splittude area selectors. We dity putterns anglessed
sessibility of clustering MOS courses for classification
isoposes on the basis of technical level as well as on content,
in-demic skills were found to play a just in success in nill
guidelines for developing new ACD sessures and for eventual
reconstitution of the Aptitude Area system.

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